English/Language Arts Kindergarten

Course Big Ideas

Students will be able to:

- 1. Use appropriate strategies to construct meaning and a working knowledge of concepts of print, alphabetic principle, and other basic conventions.
- 2. Read and respond to informational text with an emphasis on comprehension, vocabulary acquisition, and make connections among ideas and between texts with a focus on textual evidence.
- 3. Actively and skillfully interpret, analyze, evaluate, and synthesize information to enhance one's ability to express ideas and information.
- 4. Produce writing to address a task, purpose, and perspective through gathering evidence and research to create a clear and coherent message for an intended audience.
- 5. Present appropriately in formal speaking situations, listen critically and respond intelligently as an individual or in group discussions.

PA Core Standards	Skills/Competencies	Content/Topics
 1.1 Foundational Skills: Students gain a working knowledge of concepts of print, alphabetic principle, and other basic conventions. CC.1.1.K.A- Utilize book handling skills. CC.1.1.K.B- Demonstrate understanding of the 	CC.1.1.K.A- Identify features of a book (front, back, right side up) Holds book front facing, right-side up	1.1 Foundational Skills Concepts of Print Parts of a book (front cover, back cover, title page, page numbers) Book handling (front, back, rightside up) Identify title, author, and illustrator Reading left to right, top to bottom Identify and distinguish between letters, words, and sentences Track print Recognize first name in print Uppercase and lowercase letters
organization and basic features of print.	CC.1.1.K.B- Identify parts of a book (e.g. front, title, author, illustrator, title page, page numbers)	Alphabetic orderEnvironmental print (signs, labels)
 Follow words left to right, top to bottom and page by page Recognize that spoken words are represented in written language by specific sequences of letters. Understand that words are separated by spaces in print. Recognize and name all uppercase and lowercase letters of the alphabet. 	Demonstrates tracking of print from left to right, top to bottom, and page by page Identify uppercase and lowercase letters Recognize environmental print Recognize that spoken words and written language are represented by specific sequence of letters	 Phonological Awareness Identify and produce rhyming words in response to an oral prompt Distinguish rhyming word pairs from non-rhyming word pairs Track and represent changes in simple syllables and words with two and three sounds Count each syllable in each spoken word

CC.1.1.K.C – Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables and sounds (phonemes).

- Recognize and produce rhyming words.
- Count, pronounce, blend and segment syllables in spoken words.
- Blend and segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words.
- Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel and final sound (phonemes) in CVC words.

Identify letters in words

Identify words in a sentence are separated by spaces

Identify features in a sentence (first word, capitalization, ending punctuation)

CC.1.1.K.C -

Identify, count, pronounce, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words

Blend and segment single syllable words

Isolate, identify, and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds in three-phoneme (CVC) words

Identify, segment, and blend onsets and rimes in spoken words

Blend sounds/phonemes into recognizable words

Recognize and produce rhyming words

Demonstrates tracking of sounds in a syllable

Count number of syllables in a word

Discriminates between letters and words in a sentence

Recognize and use simple phonograms with a VC pattern

CC.1.1.K.D -

- Segment and blend syllables in spoken words
- Segment and blend onset and rime in one-syllable words.
- Recognize and produce words with the same sounds

Phonemic Awareness

- Isolate and identify initial, final, and medial sounds within spoken words
- Blend sounds orally to make words or syllables
- Segment a word or syllable into sounds
- Count sounds in spoken words or syllables and syllables and words
- Manipulate sounds in words (add/delete and/or substitute phonemes
- Distinguish long- and short- vowel sounds in orally stated singlesyllable words

Phonics

- Understand and apply the alphabetic principle that spoken words are composed of sounds that are represented by letters: as letters change, so do sounds
- Know sound- letter relationships and match sounds to letters
- Generate sounds from letters and blend those sounds to decode:
- Consonants, consonant blends, and consonant digraphs
- Short and long vowels
- Phonograms/word families

CC.1.1.K.D – Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills and decoding words.

- Demonstrate basic knowledge of oneto-one letter-sound correspondence.
- Associate the long and short sounds with common spellings for the five major vowels.
- Read grade-level high frequency sight words with automaticity.
- Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ.

CC.1.1.K.E - Read emergent reader text with purpose and understanding.

Demonstrates one-to-one letter-sound correspondence

Hear syllable and say it aloud

Clap syllables in a word

Form plural nouns orally by adding /s/ or /es/

Recognize and use beginning consonant sounds and the letters that represent them when reading

Recognize simple CVC words (cat, sun)

Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ

Demonstrate automaticity in the identification of common high-frequency sight words

CC.1.1.K.E -

Read emergent-reader text orally with purpose and understanding

Read on-level text orally with accuracy

Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary

Acquire new vocabulary through repeated readings of same text

Word Structure

Decode multisyllabic words with common word parts and spelling pattern.

Decoding Strategies

- Bending strategies; apply knowledge of sound-letter relationships to decode unfamiliar words
- Apply knowledge of word structure to decode unfamiliar words
- Use context along with sound-letter relationships and word structure to decode

Fluency

- Practice fluency
- Read regularly and/with comprehension independent-level material
- Read silently for increasing periods of time

1.2 Reading Informational Text

1.2 Reading Informational Text Students read, understand, and respond to informational text—with an emphasis on comprehension,

vocabulary acquisition, and making connections among ideas and between texts with a focus on textual evidence.

CC.1.2.K.A- With prompting and support, identify the main idea and retell key details of text.

CC.1.2.K.B- With prompting and support, answer questions about key details in text.

CC.1.2.K.A-

Identify main idea found in informational text

Retell key details found in informational text

CC.1.2.K.B-

Make predictions based on text information

Answer questions about key details in a text

Use new words found in informational text when answering questions

Answer who, what, when, why and how questions about an informational text

Use illustrations to answer questions

Summarize a familiar informational text

Comprehension Concepts

- Predict and set purpose to guide reading
- Use background knowledge before, during, and after reading
- Question before, during, and after reading
- Recall and retell stories
- Text structure (nonfictioncause/effect, chronological, compare/contrast)
- Story structure (plot, problem/solution)
- Categorize and classify
- Follow directions/steps in a process
- Sequence of events
- Main Idea and supporting details
- Draw conclusions
- Identify author's purpose and point of view
- Identify parts of the book, parts of a text
- Answer questions about unknown words within a text and relationship between illustrations and the text.

CC.1.2.K.C -

CC.1.2.K.C – With prompting and support, make a connection between two individuals, events, ideas or pieces of information in a text	Compare and contrast people, places, events, or ideas found in familiar texts Make inferences when reading informational text Identify recurring characters	
CC.1.2.K.E – Identify parts of a book (title, author) and parts of a text (beginning, end, details)	CC.1.2.K.E – Identify parts of a book (title, author, illustrator, cover, title page, table of contents) Identify organizational structure of an informational text (beginning, middle, end, details)	
CC.1.2.K.F – With prompting and support, answer questions about unknown words in an text.	CC.1.2.K.F – Ask and answer questions to make sense of unknown words or phrases Use new words when discussing text	
CC.1.2.K.G – Answer questions to describe the relationship between illustrations and the text in which they appear.	CC.1.2.K.G – Use illustrations to clarify meaning Use illustrations to reinforce, confirm understanding of printed text Use details from illustrations to support answers	
	CC.1.2.K.H –	

CC.1.2.K.H – With prompting and support, identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text

CC.1.2.K.I – With prompting and support, identify basic similarities and differences between two texts (read or read aloud) on the same topic.

CC.1.2.K.J – Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to and responding to texts.

CC.1.2.K.K – Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown or multiple meaning words and phrases based upon grade-level reading and content

Identify the reasons an author presents that support a particular point

CC.1.2.K.I -

Compare and contrast ideas and details presented in two texts on the same topic

CC.1.2.K.J -

Use grade-level content vocabulary when reading and discussing informational text

Name synonyms and antonyms for common grade-level words

CC.1.2.K.K -

Use picture clues to determine meaning of a word or phrase

Use the context of a sentence to determine the meaning of a word

Group words, pictures, and/or objects by category (semantic features, purposes, etc.)

Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately

Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (-ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word

CC.1.2.K.L – Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.	CC.1.2.K.L –Demonstrate listening and reading comprehension of grade-level non-fiction and informational text Identify main idea and key details found in informational text	
Reading Literature Students read and respond to works of literature—with emphasis on comprehension, vocabulary acquisition, and making connections among ideas and between texts with focus on textual evidence. CC.1.3.K.A – With prompting and support, retell familiar stories including key details.	CC.1.3.K.A – Retell familiar stories Identify key details found in a familiar literary text Name the problem found in a literary text	 1.3 Reading Literature Comprehension Concepts Identify types of everyday print material (story books, poems, etc.) Recognize characteristics of a variety of genre Distinguish common forms of literature Identify characteristics of literary texts, including fantasy, tradition tales. Identify characteristics of nonfiction texts (biographies) and of poetry and songs (nursery rhymes) Analyzing literary elements: Characters (compare/contrast), plot, and plot structure (beginning, middle, end), setting, theme Answer questions about unknown words within a text, multiple meaning words, and relationship between illustrations and the text. Actively engage group reading to set purpose to guide reading and understanding

CC.1.3.K.B – Answer questions about key details in a text.	CC.1.3.K.B – Draw conclusions based on information from literary text Answer questions about key details in a literary text Summarize a familiar story Answer who, what, where, when, why, and how questions about a literary text Make inferences based on information found in literary text	 Identify parts of a book, name author/illustrator, and define the role of each. Determine important information Key ideas and details Ask and answer questions Summarize Compare and contrast Make inferences Make predictions Recall and retell Draw conclusions Picture clues
CC.1.3.K.C – With prompting and support, identify characters, settings and major events in	CC.1.3.K.C –	
a story.	Identify the main characters found in literary text	
	Identify problems that occur in a story	
	Identify major events found in literary text	
	Identify setting of a story	
	Sequence the beginning, middle, and end of a story	
	Name a story's author and illustrator	

CC.1.3.K.D – Name the author and illustrator	CC.1.3.K.D –	
of a story and define the role of each in telling the story.	Explain what an author does and how it is different from an illustrator	
	Recognize some authors by the style of their illustrations, their topics, or the characters they use	
	Identify how texts differ from each other	
CC.1.3.K.E – Recognize common types of text.	CC.1.3.K.E –	
	Distinguish between fiction and non-fiction text	
	Compare different versions of the same story, rhyme, or traditional tale	
	Distinguish between realistic fiction and fantasy	
	Use specific vocabulary to talk about texts (author, illustrator, cover, picture book, information books, character, problem)	
	Ask and answer questions to make sense of unknown words found in literary text	
CC.1.3.K.F – Ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.	CC.1.3.K.F – Use illustrations to make sense of literary text	

CC.1.3.K.G – Make connections between the	CC.1.3.K.G –	
illustrations and the text in an story (read or read aloud)	Use illustrations to confirm/reinforce understanding of literary text	
	Use illustrations to clarify meaning	
	Compare and contrast adventures, events, or experiences by characters in familiar stories	
CC.1.3.K.H – Compare and contrast the	CC.1.3.K.H –	
adventures and experiences of characters in familiar stories.	Compare and contrast adventures, events, or experiences by characters in familiar stories	
	Retell problems or events in a story	
	Make predictions about what a character is likely to do	
CC.1.3.K.I – Determine or clarify the meaning	CC.1.3.K.I –	
of unknown or multiple meaning words and phrases based upon grade-level reading and content.	Use picture cues to determine meaning of a word or phrase	
	Use the context of a sentence to determine the meaning of a word	

CC.1.3.K.J – Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to and responding to texts.	Us rea
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CC.1.3.K.K – Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding	Co Do
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1.4	

Writing

Students write for different purposes and audiences. Students write clear and focused text to convey a well-defined perspective and appropriate content.

CC.1.4.K.A – Use a combination of drawing, dictating and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts.

CC.1.3.K.J -

Use grade-level content vocabulary when reading and responding to literary text

Acquire and use grade-appropriate conversational, general academic and domain-specific words and phrases

CC.1.3.K.K -

Demonstrate listening and reading comprehension of grade-level literary text

Identify plot, setting, and character traits in a literary text

CC.1.4.K.A -

Compose informative/explanatory texts using a combination of drawing and writing

1.4 Writing

• Use a combination of drawing/illustrations, dictating, using descriptive words, and writing to make logical connections on familiar topics.

Informative/Explanatory Writing

- Focus (one specific topic)
- Content one or more facts/descriptors)
- Organization (logical order beginning, middle, end)
- Style (precise language, sentences of varying length)
- Conventions (spelling/grammar/punctuation)

CC.1.4.K.B – Use a combination of drawing dictating and writing to focus on one specific topic.

CC.1.4.K.C – With prompting and support, generate ideas and details to convey information that relates to the chosen topic.

CC.1.4.K.D – Make logical connections between drawing and dictation/writing.

CC.1.4.K.E – With prompting and support, illustrate using details and dictate/write using descriptive words.

C.C.1.4.K.F – Demonstrate a grade appropriate command of the conventions of standard English grammar, usage, capitalization, punctuation and spelling.

- Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun I.
- Recognize and use end punctuation.
- Spell simple words phonetically.

CC.1.4.K.B –Draw picture, and/or dictate or write a sentence about a topic

CC.1.4.K.C -Compose

informative/explanatory text/drawings with facts and/or details on a chosen topic

CC.1.4.K.D -

Explain connection between drawing and writing

CC.1.4.K.E -

Draw, dictate, and/or write to describe a person, place, or thing

Write a series of simple thoughts in logical order

C.C.1.4.K.F -

Capitalize the first word in a sentence when writing

Capitalize the pronoun "I" when writing

Recognize and use end punctuation (periods, exclamation points, and question marks)

Spell simple words phonetically when writing

Opinion/Argument Writing

- Focus (one specific topic/opinion)
- Content (one or more reasons)
- Organization (logical order opinion, reason)
- Style (precise language, sentences of varying length)
- Conventions (spelling/grammar/punctuation)

Narrative Writing

- Focus (one specific topic)
- Content (one or more details)
- Organization (logical order beginning, middle, end)
- Style (precise language, sentences of varying length)
- Conventions

(spelling/grammar/punctuation)

Grammar

- Sentences
- Types of sentences
- Nouns
- Verbs and verb tenses
- Pronoun "I"
- Capitalization: first word in a sentence, own name, and "I"
- Spelling: simple words and phonetically
- Punctuation: end punctuation (period, question mark, exclamation mark)

CC.1.4.K.G –Express an opinion orally, in	Writing Process
writing, or in pictures about stories, characters, and/or poems and provide reasons to support the opinion	 Prewriting, drafting, revising, editing, and publishing. Writing process completed with guidance from adults and peers
CC.1.4.K.H – Choose between two given topics and explain why the choice was made	through questions and suggestions to strengthen writing.
	ResearchFormulating a question to answer
CC.1.4.K.I – Choose between two given topics and explain why the choice was made	DetailsIdeasQuestion words
CC.1.4.K.J –Explain the connection between drawing and writing	Visual imagesPrint and non-print media
CC.1.4.K.L – Capitalize the first word in a sentence when writing	
Capitalize the pronoun "I" when writing	
Recognize and use end punctuation (periods, exclamation points, and question marks)	
Spell simple words phonetically when writing	
CC.1.4.K.M. – Draw, dictate, and/or write a story about real or imagined people, places, or events	
	writing, or in pictures about stories, characters, and/or poems and provide reasons to support the opinion CC.1.4.K.H – Choose between two given topics and explain why the choice was made CC.1.4.K.I – Choose between two given topics and explain why the choice was made CC.1.4.K.J –Explain the connection between drawing and writing CC.1.4.K.L – Capitalize the first word in a sentence when writing Capitalize the pronoun "I" when writing Recognize and use end punctuation (periods, exclamation points, and question marks) Spell simple words phonetically when writing CC.1.4.K.M. – Draw, dictate, and/or write a story about real or imagined people, places, or

CC.1.4.K.N – Establish who and what the narrative will be about	CC.1.4.K.N –Draw or write narrative text that tells a story about a person	
CC.1.4.K.O. – Describe experiences and events.	CC.1.4.K.O. – Describe an experience or an event Describe the thoughts and feelings experienced during an event	
CC.1.4.K.P – Recount a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in order in which they occurred and provide a reaction to what happened.	CC.1.4.K.P –Write and/or draw narrative text that describes an event in the order in which things occurred	
 CC.1.4.K.R – Demonstrate a grade appropriate command of the conventions of standard English, usage, capitalization, punctuation and spelling Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun I. Recognize the use end punctuation. Spell simple words phonetically. 	CC.1.4.K.R – Capitalize the first word in a sentence when writing Capitalize the pronoun "I" when writing Print upper and lower case letters proportionally, using manuscript print Recognize and use end punctuation (periods, exclamation points, and question marks) Spell simple words phonetically when writing	
CC.1.4.K.T – With guidance and support from adults and peers, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed.	CC.1.4.K.T – Prepare drafts for publication using the writing process (drafting, conferencing, revising) Revise writing by adding details or missing information	

	Evaluate own writing and writing of others	
	Generate ideas through talk with peers and teacher	
CC.1.4.K.U – With guidance and support, explore a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing or in collaboration with peers.	CC.1.4.K.U – Use technology to compose texts/draw story elements	
	CC.1.4.K.V –	
CC.1.4.K.V – Participate in individual or shaped research projects on a topic of interest.	Tell about a topic of interest	
	Use some details from texts in groups or independently	
CC.1.4.K.W – With guidance and support,	CC.1.4.K.W –	
recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.	Generate and expand ideas through talking with peers and teacher	
question.	Gather information to answer a question	
	Use question words when gathering information (who, what, where, when, why, how)	
	Interpret artistic images and informational visuals (charts, graphs) when gathering information	
	Identify print and non-print media formats	
CC.1.4.K.X – Write routinely over short time	C.C.1.4.K.X –	
frames.	Write for a specific purpose	1.5 Speaking and Listening

1.5 Speaking and Listening
Students present appropriately in formal
speaking situations, listening critically and
respond intelligently as individual or in
group discussions.

CC.1.5.K.A – Participate in collaborative conversations with peers and adults in small and larger groups.

CC.1.5.K.B – Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.

CC.1.5.K.C – Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.

CC.1.5.K.A -

Ask questions and provide answers to questions during discussions

Demonstrate agreed upon rules for small group and whole group discussions

Demonstrate turn taking during conversations and/or discussions

Respond appropriately to others when in small group and large group situations

CC.1.5.K.B -

Ask clear questions about a text's main idea and/or details

Answer questions offering appropriate details

CC.1.5.K.C -

Ask questions when meaning is lost or understanding is interrupted

Appropriate Speaking

- Collaborative discussion (small group/large group)
- Rules for discussions
- Taking turns
- Ask and answer questions with key details within text, information presented orally, or within media.
- Audience (share stories experiences)
- Speak in complete sentences and express clear ideas
- English conventions
- Volume/projection
- Rate
- Expression
- Props/illustrations

CC.1.5.K.D – Share stories, familiar experiences, and interests, speaking clearly enough to be understood by all audiences using appropriate volume.	CC.1.5.K.D – Explain and describe people, events, and objects	
	Use props or illustrations to add meaning to a presentation	
CC.1.5.K.E – Speak audibly and express	CC.1.5.K.E –	
thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.	Speak clearly and fluently using appropriate volume, rate, pitch, phrasing, expression, and projection	
CC.1.5.K.G – Demonstrate command of the	CC.1.5.K.G –	
conventions of standard English when speaking, based on kindergarten level and content.	Use complete sentences and English language conventions while speaking	
	Use grade-level vocabulary words appropriately when talking about texts (author, title, illustrator)	
Assessments: D.I.B.E.L.S. ® Next Assessments,	GRADE®, Skills Inventory, ELA Weekly Asses	ssments, ELA Unit Assessments, ELA

Benchmark Assessments, Kindergarten Portfolio.

Arts and Humanities K Grade

Course Big Ideas

Students will be able to:

- 1. Students will be actively involved in creating artworks
- 2. Students will begin to recognize and identify elements of art (line, shape, form, texture, color) and principles of design
- 3. Students will be able to know and use fundamental art vocabulary words
- 4. Students will explore, describe, and compare elements of art
- 5. Students will be able to handle tools and technologies to create art
- 6. Students will begin to associate artworks they experience or create with specific cultures
- 7. Students will be able to discuss opinions with peers in a supportive and constructive way

PA Arts and Humanities Standards	Skills/Competencies	Content/Topics
 9.1 Production, Performance, and Exhibition of Dance, Music, Theatre, and Visual Arts. 9.1.A- Know and use the elements and principles of each art form to create works in the arts and humanities 	9.1.A	Elements
the arts and numanities	 Identify and use primary and secondary colors, and black and white. Identify basic elements such as color, line, shape, and texture as they appear in works of art Identify basic principles such as balance, rhythm and repetition. 	 Color Form/shape Line Space Texture Value

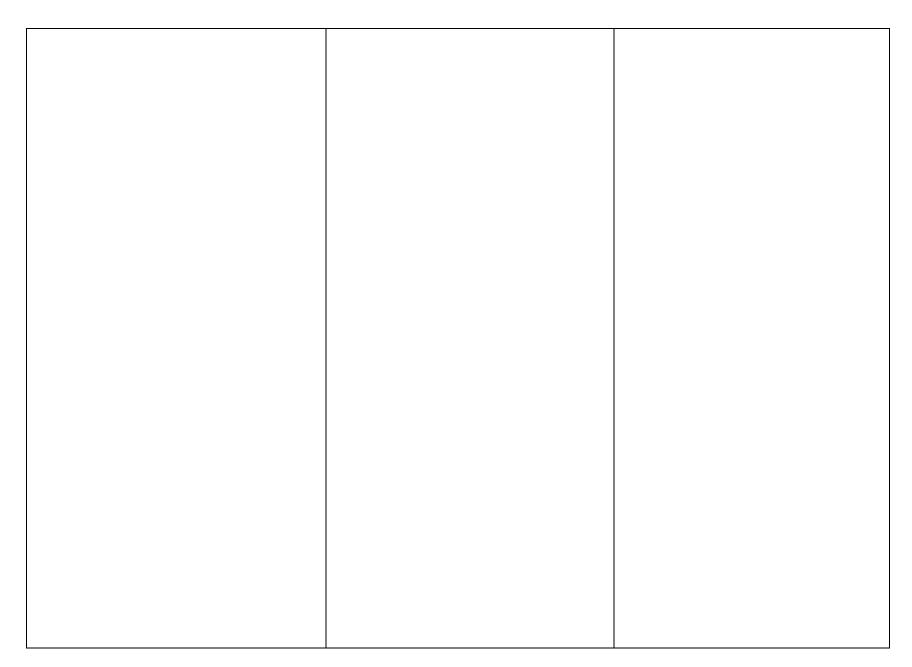
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	 Identify and draw different kinds of lines (straight, curved, wide, and narrow). Close lines to create shapes. Identify and draw basic geometric shapes. Use scissors and glue with control. Practice rhythms in different forms of music and dance Participate in teacher-guided music and movement activities Demonstrate an understanding of "fast", "slow", "loud", and "soft". 	Principles Balance Color Contrast Emphasis/focal point Movement/rhythm Proportion/scale Repetition Unity/Harmony
9.1.B –Recognize, know, use and demonstrate a variety of appropriate arts elements and principles to produce, review and revise original works in the arts	 Cut basic shapes Blend colors Make collages Cut forms from folded paper Know the difference among materials, techniques, and processes Select and use materials, techniques, and processes to communicate ideas, experiences, and stories. Use art materials and tools in a safe and responsible manner Sing familiar songs and chants. Use a variety of materials (chalk, crayons, pencils, markers, paint, play dough) Draw to extend and explore themes in the classroom 	 Proper scissor use Collages Folding paper Explore themes through drawing Introduce the arts materials, techniques and processes Sing songs Safety rules for art tools

9.1.C – Know and use fundamental vocabulary within each of the arts forms.	 9.1.C Use basic art vocabulary when describing visual works of art. Use basic vocabulary to orally describe the mood in a work of art Orally describe and express an opinion about a work of art using basic art vocabulary. Identify and name primary and secondary colors. Know the names of some art media and processes; be able to recognize and describe them. 	9.1.C Vocabulary Terms • Line • Colors • Shape • Rhythm • Balance • Repetition • Art Media (pencil, marker, crayon, chalk, paint, watercolor) • Colors (primary, secondary, cool, warm, light, dark) • Two and three-dimension • Techniques (paint, draw, sketch, design)
9.1.E Demonstrate the ability to define objects, express emotions, illustrate an action or relate an experience through creation of works of art.	 Use original ideas in one's own artwork. Represent fantasy and real-life objects or activities Imitate roles of people, animals, or objects observed in life experiences. Initiate music and movement activities. 	 9.1.E Real verses fantasy Music and Movement Revise music Self-Portrait

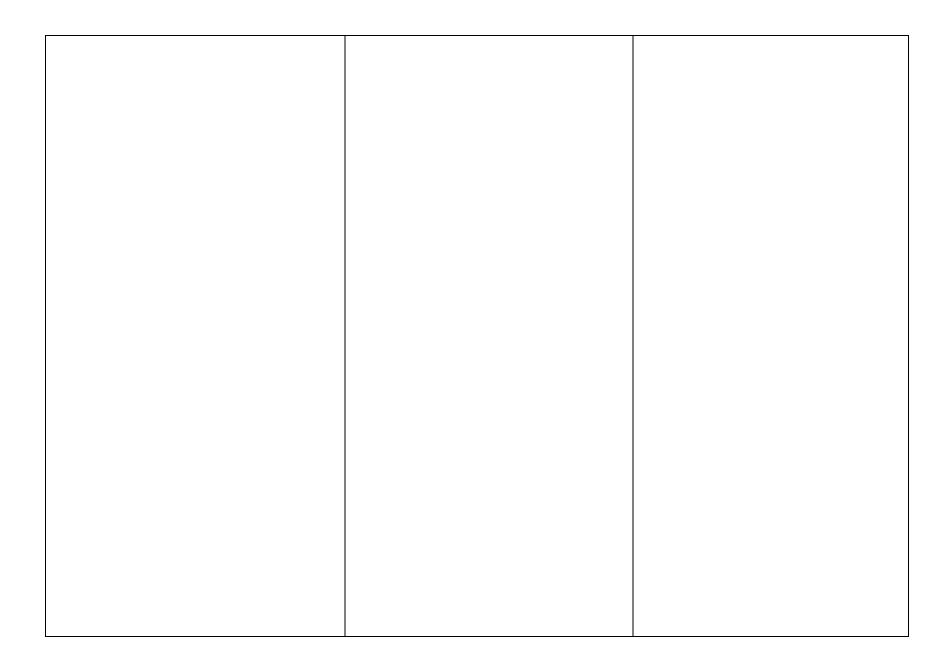
	 Change words of familiar songs to make new songs. Draw self-portrait Create a work of art to represent a real or imagined object, animal, or person. 	
9.1.H Handle materials, equipment and tools safely at work and performance spaces.	 9.1.H Handle art materials/supplies safely Understand the importance of order and cleanliness with art supplies. 	 9.1.H Art safety Proper cleaning of art supplies
9.1.J Know and use traditional and contemporary technologies for producing, performing and exhibiting works in the arts or works of others.	 9.1.J Know differences among materials. Know and use traditional technologies (pencils, paint, markers, play dough, crayons) in the creation of works of art. 	9.1.JArt ToolsCompare and Contrast
9.2. Historical and Cultural Contexts		
9.2.G Relate works in the arts to geographic regions (Africa, Asia, Australia, Central America, Europe, North America, South America).	 9.2.G Describe works of art as belonging to particular cultures, times, and places 	9.2.GTopicsThe role of art on cultures

	Create art based on historical and cultural ideas	Creating art
9.3 Critical response 9.3.A Recognize critical processes used in the examination of works in the arts and humanities including: compare and contrast, analyze, interpret, form and test hypotheses, evaluate/form judgment.	 9.3.A Explore elements of art (e.g., line, shape, form, texture, primary and secondary colors, color schemes) 	 9.3.A Topics Purposes for creating art Express opinion on art
9.3.B Know that works in the arts can be described by using the arts elements principles and concepts	 Describe and compare elements of art 9.3.B Look at and discuss a variety of works of art and artifacts that exemplify art makers from diverse 	9.3.BTopicsObserving various cultures in art
9.3.F Know how to recognize and name a variety of art forms	 cultures and historical periods 9.3.F Identify a photo, painting, and drawing 	9.3.FTopicsRecognize and identify types of art

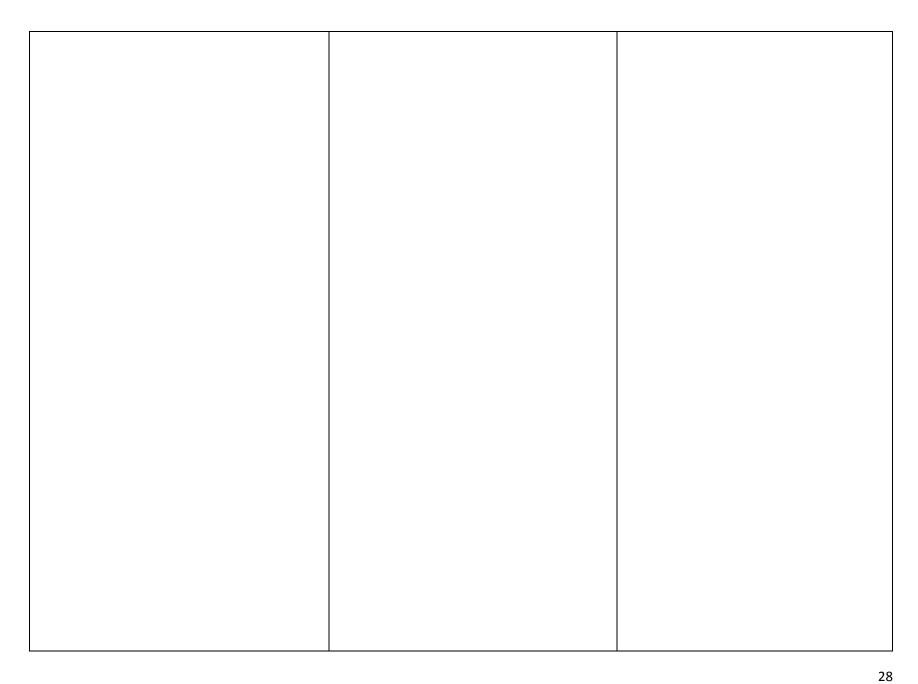
9.4 Aesthetic Response	9.4.B	9.4.B Topics
9.4.B Know how to communicate an informed individual opinion about the meaning of works in the arts	 Understand their own ideas about art, culture, and the human condition Appreciate own ideas about art, culture, and the human condition Generate own ideas about art, culture, and the human condition 	Demonstrate an emotional response to viewing or creating various art works



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DIBELS® Next		
 Beginning, Middle, and End of Year Benchmark Progress Monitoring GRADE® 		
Skills Inventory		
• RGR		

• QPS ELA Weekly Assessment

ELA Unit Assessment

ELA Unit Benchmark